

## Carry \& Non-Carry :

Single-digit Carry: When the sum of two single-digit numbers exceeds 9 a carry occurs. In this case, you write down the rightmost digit of the sum and carry the tens digit to the left (if any).

Example-1: $5+7=12$ (more than 9 i.e. two digit number)
Single-digit Non-Carry: When the sum of two single-digit numbers is less than or equal to 9 no carry occurs. You simply write down the sum.

Example-2: 3+4=7 (less than 9 i.e. single digit number)

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Pair of Carry Number } \\
(5+5),(5+6),(5+7),(5+8),(5+9) \\
(6+4),(6+5),(6+6),(6+7),(6+8),(6+9) \\
(7+3),(7+4),(7+5),(7+6),(7+7),(7+8),(7+9) \\
(8+2),(8+3),(8+4),(8+5),(8+6),(8+7),(8+8),(8+9) \\
(9+1),(9+2),(9+3),(9+4),(9+5),(9+6),(9+7),(9+8),(9+9)
\end{gathered}
$$

## Addition with +9 (Carry Number) :

If any single digit (Exclude 0) addition with 9 then the result will be to write 1 in the tenth place digit \& write before (Subtract with Number friend of 9 i.e. 1) the number in the unit place digit.

$$
A+9=1 A-1
$$

Example-1: $8+9=1(8-1)=17$, Here number friend of 9 is 1 , so we have to subtract from 8 the result is $8-1=7 \&$ simply write 1 in the tenth place.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
2+9=1(2-1)=11 & 7+9=1(7-1)=16 \\
6+9=1(6-1)=15 & 9+9=1(9-1)=18 \text { etc. }
\end{array}
$$

## Two-digit number with 9:

ADDITION
If any two-digit number (excluded $\mathbf{0}$ in unit digit) is added with 9 then the result will have come $\mathbf{A B}$ Formula i.e. tenth place digit is after the number \& unit place digit. is before the number.

$$
X Y+9=A B=(\text { After Number of } X) \text { (Before Number of } Y)
$$

Example-2: 34 + 9 = ?
After the Number 3 is 4 and before the number 4 is 3 so the result is 43 .
$67+9=($ After the Number 6 is 7) (Before the Number 7 is 6) $=76$
$49+9=($ After the Number 4 is 5$)($ Before the Number 9 is 8$)=58$
$88+9=($ After the Number 8 is 9$)($ Before the Number 8 is 7$)=97$

## Addition with +8 (Carry Number) :

If any single digit (more than 1) adds with 8 then the result will be to write 1 in the tenth place digit \& Subtract from that number with Number friend of 8 i.e. 2 in the unit place digit.

$$
A+8=1 A-2
$$

Example-1: $5+8=1(5-2)=13$, Here number friend of 8 is 2 , so we have to subtract from 5 , the result is $5-2=3 \&$ simply write 1 in the tenth place.
$2+8=1(2-2)=10$,

$$
8+8=1(8-2)=16,
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7+8=1(7-2)=15 \\
& 4+8=1(4-2)=12 \text { etc. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Two-digit number with 8:

If any two-digit number (more than $\mathbf{1}$ in unit place digit) is added with 8 then the result will have come after number of tenth place digit and subtract from unit place digit with number friend of 8 i.e. $\mathbf{2}$

$$
X Y+8=A B=(\text { After Number of } X)(Y-2)
$$

Example-2: $67+8=$ ?
After the Number 6 is 7 and subtract 2 from the unit place digit.


## Addition with +7 (Carry Number) :

If any single (more than 2 ) digit addition with 7 , then the result will be to write 1 in the tenth place \& Subtract from that number with number friend of 7 i.e. 3 in the unit place.

$$
A+7=1 \quad A-3
$$

Example-1: $5+7=1(5-3)=12$, Here number friend of 7 is 3 , so we have to subtract from 5 , the result is $5-3=2$ \& simply write 1 in the tenth place number.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
5+7=1(5-3)=12, & 7+7=1(7-3)=14 \\
8+7=1(8-3)=15, & 4+7=1(4-3)=\mathbf{1 1} \text { etc. }
\end{array}
$$

## Two-digit number with 7:

If any two-digit number (more than $\mathbf{2}$ in unit place digit) is added with $\mathbf{7}$ then the result will have come after number of tenth place digit and subtract from unit place digit with number friend of 7 i.e. $\mathbf{3}$

$$
X Y+7=A B=(\text { After Number of } X)(Y-3)
$$

Example-2: $67+7$ = ?
After the Number 6 is 7 and subtract 3 from the unit place digit.


## Addition with +6 (Carry Number) :

If any single (more than 3 ) digit addition with 6 , then the result will be to write 1 in the tenth place digit \& Subtract from that number with number friend of 6 i.e. 4 in the unit place.

$$
A+6=1 A-4
$$

Example-1: $5+6=1(5-4)=11$ Here number friend of 6 is 4 , so we have to subtract from 5 , the result is $5-4=1 \&$ simply write 1 in the tenth place number.
$5+6=1(5-4)=11$,

$$
7+6=1(7-4)=13
$$

ADDITION
$8+6=1(8-4)=14$,

$$
4+6=1(4-4)=10 \text { etc. }
$$

## Two-digit number with 6:

If any two-digit number (more than $\mathbf{3}$ in unit place digit) is added with 6 then the result will have come after number of tenth place digit and subtract from unit place digit with number friend of 6 i.e. 4

$$
X Y+6=A B=(\text { After Number of } X)(Y-4)
$$

Example-2: $48+6=$ ?
After the Number 4 is 5 and subtract 4 from the unit place digit.


Mental Memorize some confuse Addition Pair :

| Pair | Sum |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 and 5 | 11 |
| 6 and 7 | 13 |
| 7 and 4 | 11 |
| 7 and 5 | 12 |
| 8 and 3 | 11 |
| 8 and 5 | 13 |

## PRACTICE WORK ASSIGNMENT

## Test yourself

## Two digit with Single digit Addition:

| 1) $23+9=?$ | 17) $21+9=?$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2) $69+9=?$ | 18) $88+6=?$ |
| 3) $51+9=?$ | 19) $79+6=?$ |
| 4) $47+9=?$ | 20) $99+5=?$ |
| 5) $37+8=?$ | 21) $81+9=?$ |
| 6) $86+8=?$ | 22) $65+7=?$ |
| 7) $29+8=?$ | 23) $92+8=?$ |
| 8) $55+8=?$ | 24) $36+6=?$ |
| 9) $24+7=?$ | 25) $77+6=?$ |
| 10) $69+7=?$ | 26) $89+5=?$ |
| 11) $48+7=?$ | 27) $64+9=?$ |
| 12) $58+7=?$ | 28) $95+8=?$ |
| 13) $77+7=?$ | 29) $39+8=?$ |
| 14) $53+7=?$ | 30) $56+8=?$ |
| 15) $33+9=?$ | 31) $78+8=?$ |
| 16) $68+6=?$ | 32) $98+8=?$ |

